

The language test development process:

main principles

and

suggestions for classroom practice

**Olena Rossi** 

Email: olena.rossi@yahoo.com

Twitter: @olena\_rossi

The language test development process: Main principles and suggestions for classroom practice

Item development and test validity

Test-writing documentation

Item development for large testing organisations

## Suggestions for classroom practice:

- improving teachers' knowledge of language assessment
- producing test specifications
- writing test items in teams
- peer-reviewing items
- analysing student responses

## Test validity

"...a test is said to be valid if it measures accurately what it is intended to measure"

(Hughes, 2003, p.26)







#### Validity evidence:

- statistical relationships of test scores with other information
- experts' judgments of the extent to which the content of the test matches a curriculum or the requirements of a job
- the qualifications of the test designers, question writers and reviewers
- the process used to develop the test

(ETS testing terms glossary)

## Construct underrepresentation -

the test fails to include important dimensions of the construct

A2 item: Wh-questions in the past	
Stem	did you do on holiday last month?
Option 1	* What
Option 2	Where
Option 3	Why

#### Construct-irrelevant variance -

test scores are affected with factors unrelated to the skill or ability being measured

A2 item: Wh-questions in the past		
Stem	Whatyou expect to achieve by disturbing my sleep at dawn?	
Option 1	*did	
Option 2	are	
Option 3	were	

## Construct-irrelevant variance in tests of writing ability

#### General English, B1 level, YL (13-16 y. o.)

'Write the conversation you have with a friend about the holiday you plan to have together.'

#### General English, B2 level, adults

'Envy is the sin which most harms the sinner.' Discuss.

(from Hughes, 2003)

# Large-scale test development:

Test-writing documentation

Test development process



## Test-writing documentation



Test framework



Test specifications

construct

expected responses

format

sample items



Item writer guidelines

### Commissioning

Pre-editing

Editing

**Pretesting** 

Standard fixing

Test construction

Test data analysis



https://www.ielts.org/about-the-test/ how-we-develop-the-test

#### Item writing

## ETS TOEFL.

#### Item review

- Content review
- Fairness review
- Editorial review

#### Item trialling

- Pretesting of reading/listening tasks
- Tryouts of speaking/writing tasks

#### Assembly of new test forms

Post-administration review

https://www.ets.org/s/toefl/pdf/
toefl ibt research insight.pdf

## Test development process

1

Deciding on the test purpose and construct

2

Writing test specifications

3

Producing test items

4

Moderating test items

5

Trialling test items

6

Analysing test results after administration

Test development: Suggestions for classroom practice



teachers' language assessment literacy

test specifications

test development process

post-test analysis



## Teachers' language assessment literacy

• Why to test?

test use

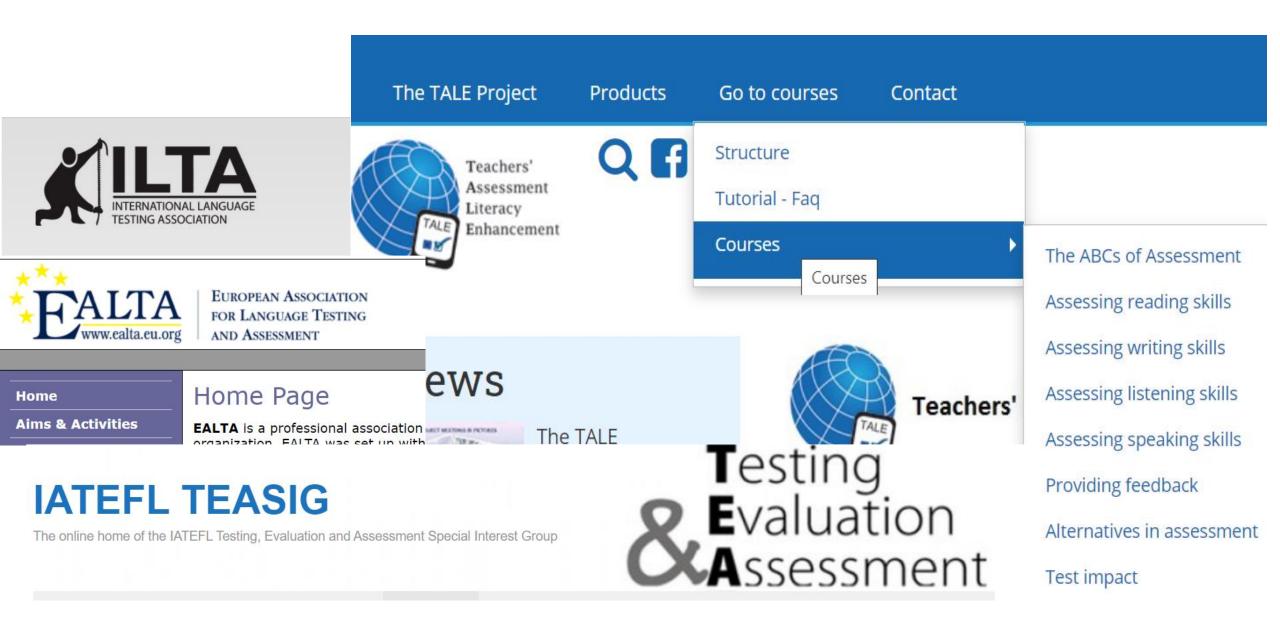
• What to test?

test construct

• How to test?

task/item types

## Teachers' language assessment literacy



## Teachers' language assessment literacy



Subjects ∨

Courses **∨** Using FutureLear

Online Courses / Teaching



Language Assessment in the Classroom



Common European Framework of Reference for Languages (CEFR)

Levels -

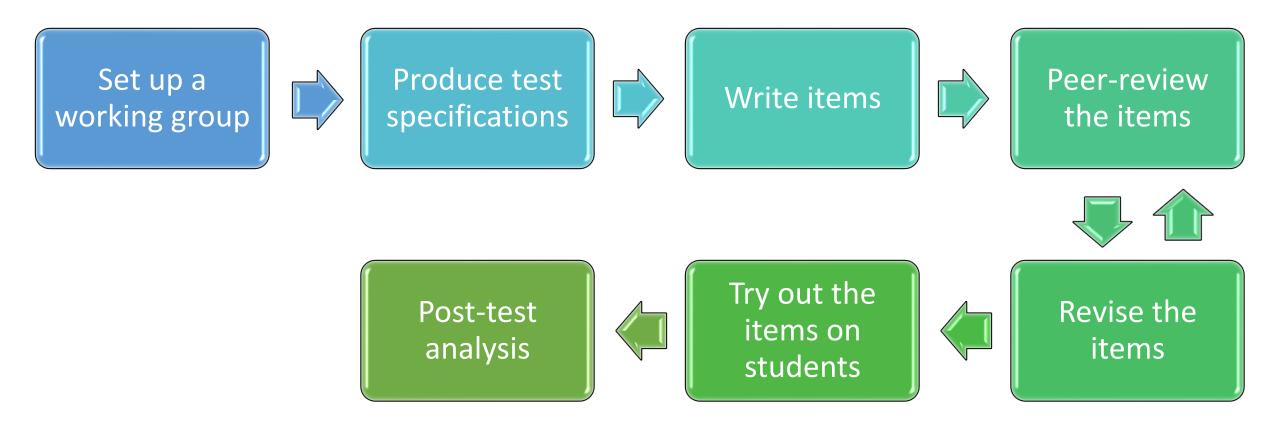
## Good test specifications ...

- are presented in a systematic way
- describe the test purpose
- define the test level
- describe the test construct
- describe the item/task types used
- describe the number, sequence, instructions for the tasks/items

- describe the text types used
- describe the content/topics to be included and to be avoided
- describe the scoring methods and assessment criteria
- provide sample tasks/items
- describe how students with special needs are accommodated
- explain whether reference tools can be used during the test

(cited from Lancaster MA in Language Testing by Distance teaching materials)

## Test development process for classroom assessment



## Post-test analysis

- student feedback on items
- review of student responses



A2 item : Requests		
Stem	Could you me the sugar, please?	
Option 1	* pass	
Option 2	take	
Option 3	kiss	
Option 4	have	

**Essay prompt:** What are the advantages and disadvantages of having a blind date?

teachers' language assessment literacy

test specifications

test development process

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## References and useful reading

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